



# 2022-23 Jackson County Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan Update Meeting #3

Friday, February 3, 2023

# Welcome!



UNIVERSITY OF  
OREGON

**Institute for Policy  
Research and Engagement**

(Re-)

# Introductions

Please type your name and organization in the Chat Box.

# Agenda

- ▷ **Welcome**
- ▷ Risk Assessment
- ▷ Hazard History Lessons Learned for Action Items
- ▷ Looking Ahead to 1:1 Meetings with Jurisdictions
- ▷ Wrap Up & Next Steps



# Meeting #3 Goals & Objectives

- ▷ Discuss the Risk Assessment
- ▷ Discuss lessons learned from recent wildfires and droughts that we will not find in other plans
- ▷ Prepare for 1:1 meetings with jurisdictions (the County, cities, and special districts)

# Progress since Last Meeting

- ▷ Received some information on communities' development/annexations since 2018 NHMP
- ▷ Compiling Community Lifelines
- ▷ Gathering GIS data
- ▷ Updating Community Profile
- ▷ Finishing Policy Crosswalk
- ▷ Drafting 2023 NHMP update

# Project Info Available on Jackson County Emergency Management Website

The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of the Jackson County Emergency Management website. On the left is a vertical 'MENU' button. The main header features the Jackson County logo (a tree in a green square) and the text 'JACKSON COUNTY Emergency Management'. To the right is a red 'Jackson County WILDFIRE Information Map' button. Below the header is a navigation menu with 'NEWS' highlighted. A language selection dropdown is set to 'Select Language' and is powered by Google Translate. The breadcrumb trail reads 'You are here : News > News & Information' and the date is 'January 22, 2023'. The article title is '2023 Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan Update', dated '19 January 2023', by 'Jackson County, Oregon', with 293 views. The article text states that Jackson County is updating its multi-jurisdictional Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan (NHMP) and will engage state and local leaders. A 'PLAN OVERVIEW' section begins with 'The NHMP is a framework that guides decision-making and policy development around the reduction or elimination of risk to life and property resulting from drought, earthquake, emerging infectious diseases, flood, landslide, wildfire, windstorm, and winter storm events. With this update, Jackson County will also examine'.

<https://jacksoncountyor.org/emergency/News/News-Information/2023-natural-hazard-mitigation-plan-update-1>

# Agenda

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# Hazard Vulnerability Assessment (2018)

Hazard	Maximum				Total Threat Score	Hazard Rank	Hazard Tiers
	History	Vulnerability	Threat	Probability			
Earthquake (Cascadia)	2	50	100	70	222	#1	Top Tier
Emerging Infectious Disease	12	50	100	49	211	#2	
Wildfire	20	35	60	70	185	#3	
Winter Storm	20	30	60	70	180	#4	
Flood	20	20	60	70	170	#5	Middle Tier
Drought	20	30	50	63	163	#6	
Windstorm	20	20	50	70	160	#7	
Landslide	10	15	30	70	125	#8	
Earthquake (Crustal)	2	25	50	21	98	#9	Bottom Tier
Volcano	2	5	50	7	64	#10	

# OEM Methodology

- ▶ **HISTORY** is the record of previous occurrences.
  - LOW = Zero to One event past 100 years (1 to 3 points)
  - MODERATE = Two to Three events in past 100 years (4 to 7 points)
  - HIGH = Four or more events in past 100 years (8 to 10 points)
  - Weight Factor: x2
  
- ▶ **PROBABILITY** is the likelihood of future occurrences within a specified period of time.
  - LOW = one incident likely within 75 to 100 years scores (1 to 3 points)
  - MODERATE = one incident likely within 35 to 75 years scores (4 to 7 points)
  - HIGH = one incident likely within 10 to 35 years scores (8 to 10 points)
  - Weight Factor: x5

# OEM Methodology (cont'd)

- ▶ **VULNERABILITY** is the percentage of population and property likely to be affected under an “average” occurrence of the hazard.
  - LOW = less than 1% affected (1 to 3 points)
  - MODERATE = between 1 and 10% affected (4 to 7 points)
  - HIGH = more than 10% affected (8 to 10 points)
  - Weight Factor: x10
  
- ▶ **MAXIMUM THREAT** is the highest percentage of population and property that could be impacted by the worst-case scenario.
  - LOW = Less than 5% affected (1 to 3 points)
  - MODERATE = 5 to 25% affected (4 to 7 points)
  - HIGH = more than 25% affected (8 to 10 points)
  - Weight Factor: x7

# Hazard Vulnerability Assessment (2018)

Hazard	Maximum				Total Threat Score
	History	Vulnerability	Threat	Probability	
Drought	20	30	50	63	163
Earthquake (Cascadia)	2	50	100	70	222
Earthquake (Crustal)	2	25	50	21	98
Emerging Infectious Disease	12	50	100	49	211
Flood	12	50	100	49	211
Landslide	10	15	30	70	125
Volcano	2	5	50	7	64
Wildfire	20	35	60	70	185
Windstorm	20	20	50	70	160
Winter Storm	20	30	60	70	180

# Hazard Vulnerability Assessment

## New Hazards

Hazard	Maximum				Total Threat Score
	History	Vulnerability	Threat	Probability	
<b>Air Quality</b>					
Drought	20	30	50	63	163
Earthquake (Cascadia)	2	50	100	70	222
Earthquake (Crustal)	2	25	50	21	98
Emerging Infectious Disease	12	50	100	49	211
<b>Extreme Heat</b>					
Flood	12	50	100	49	211
Landslide	10	15	30	70	125
Volcano	2	5	50	7	64
Wildfire	20	35	60	70	185
Windstorm	20	20	50	70	160
Winter Storm	20	30	60	70	180

# Hazard Vulnerability Assessment

## New Hazards

Hazard	Maximum				Total Threat Score
	History	Vulnerability	Threat	Probability	
Air Quality	18	40	70	63	191
Extreme Heat	20	25	70	70	185

# Hazard Vulnerability Assessment (2018)

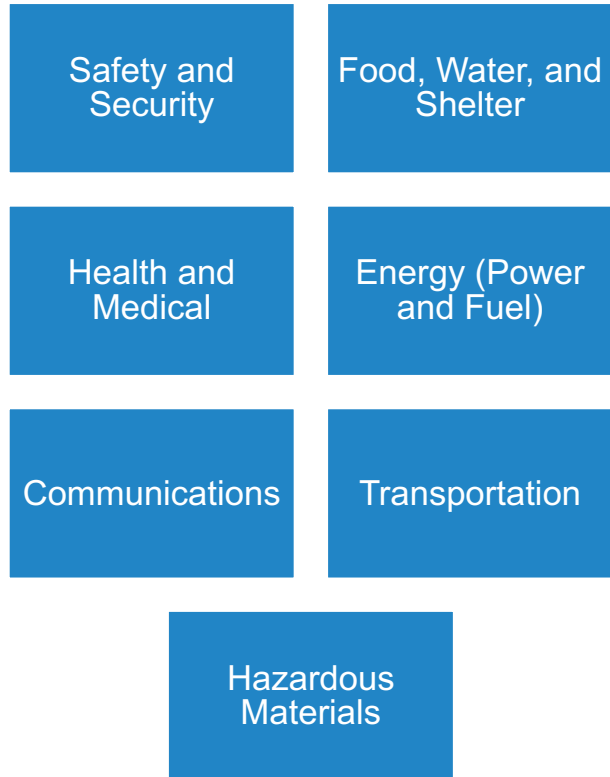
Hazard	Maximum				Total Threat Score	Hazard Rank	Hazard Tiers
	History	Vulnerability	Threat	Probability			
Earthquake (Cascadia)	2	50	100	70	222	#1	<i>Top Tier</i>
Emerging Infectious Disease	12	50	100	49	211	#2	
Wildfire	20	35	60	70	185	#3	
Winter Storm	20	30	60	70	180	#4	
Flood	20	20	60	70	170	#5	<i>Middle Tier</i>
Drought	20	30	50	63	163	#6	
Windstorm	20	20	50	70	160	#7	
Landslide	10	15	30	70	125	#8	
Earthquake (Crustal)	2	25	50	21	98	#9	<i>Bottom Tier</i>
Volcano	2	5	50	7	64	#10	

# Hazard Vulnerability Assessment (2023)

Hazard	Maximum				Total Threat Score	Hazard Rank	Hazard Tiers
	History	Vulnerability	Threat	Probability			
Wildfire	20	40	70	70	200	#1	<i>Top Tier</i>
Earthquake (Cascadia)	2	40	100	49	191	#2	
Extreme Heat Event	20	30	60	70	185	#3	
Air Quality	18	40	60	63	181	#4	
Winter Storm	20	30	60	70	180	#5	<i>Middle Tier</i>
Windstorm	20	25	60	70	175	#6	
Flood (Riverine)	20	20	60	70	170	#7	
Drought	20	30	50	63	163	#8	
Emerging Infectious Disease	16	25	70	49	160	#9	<i>Bottom Tier</i>
Landslide	10	15	30	70	125	#10	
Earthquake (Crustal)	2	15	30	21	68	#11	
Volcano	2	5	50	7	64	#12	
<b>New in 2023 Update</b>							
Increase from 2018 NHMP							
Decrease from 2018 NHMP							



# Community Lifelines



- ▷ FEMA: “A community lifeline enables the continuous operation of critical business and government functions and is essential to human health and safety or economic security.”
- ▷ Any that are missing on the list sent out?

# Agenda

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# Natural Hazard Events Since July 2018

- ▷ 2018:  
Wildfires: Garner Fire Complex, Ramsey Canyon Fire
- ▷ 2019: N/A
- ▷ 2020:  
Wildfires: Alameda Glendower Fire, South Obenchain Fire, Oregon Wildfires\*, Oregon Wildfires and Straight-line Winds\*  
Emerging Infectious Disease: COVID-19 Pandemic\*  
Drought
- ▷ 2021: Drought
- ▷ 2022: Drought

\*Declared across many/all counties in Oregon (not isolated to Jackson County)

Drought: Governor-declared, not federally declared

# Lessons for Action Items

- ▶ What are lessons learned from recent natural hazard events that we will not find in written plans?

For wildfires?

For droughts?

For emerging infectious diseases?

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First

## Update Phase

Kickoff  
Meeting ✓

Meeting  
2 ✓

Meeting  
3 ✓

1:1  
Meetings

Meeting  
4

Public  
Comment

October 28,  
2022

November 30,  
2022

February 3,  
2023

February/  
March,  
2023

February/  
March,  
2023

March 17,  
2023

Second

## Review Phase

# NHMP Elements



# What to expect from OPDR:

- ▷ Prepare action items suggestions
- ▷ Produce the Policy Crosswalk
- ▷ Facilitate 1:1 meetings with jurisdictions
- ▷ Write and deliver addenda for each participating city and special district



# What we expect from you:

## 1. Schedule your jurisdiction's 1:1 addendum meeting

1a. Appoint a “convener” to assist in scheduling 1:1 meetings

1b. Submit the scheduling form at [https://oregon.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV\\_3W2yV7zgbyGjihM](https://oregon.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_3W2yV7zgbyGjihM)

1c. Invite strategic partners (e.g. appointed committee members, school district staff, utility providers, etc.)

## 2. Provide OPDR with necessary information (County and cities only)

2a. Finish the Action Items Spreadsheet

(<https://tinyurl.com/JaCoNHMPActions>)

Missing/Incomplete Info: Jackson County, Ashland, Butte Falls, Eagle Point, and Shady Cove

2b. Send development info since July 2018 to [wsulliv2@uoregon.edu](mailto:wsulliv2@uoregon.edu)

Missing/Incomplete Info: Jackson County, Eagle Point, Jacksonville, Phoenix (development only, aware of potential annexation), Rogue River, Shady Cove, and Talent

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First

## Update Phase

Kickoff  
Meeting ✓

Meeting  
2 ✓

Meeting  
3 ✓

1:1  
Meetings

Meeting  
4

Public  
Comment

October 28,  
2022

November 30,  
2022

February 3,  
2023

February/  
March,  
2023

February/  
March,  
2023

March 17,  
2023

Second

## Review Phase

## Second

# Review Phase



Existing Jackson County Multi-Jurisdictional NHMP expires on July 2, 2023

# Thanks!

## Any questions?

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# Credits

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- ▶ [SlidesCarnival](#) for the presentation template
- ▶ Gary Halvorson, Oregon State Archives, for the Jackson County photographs